

SAFETY DATA SHEET TRADE SPRAY RED OXIDE PRIMER

| SECTION 1: Identification of | the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1.1. Product identifier | |
| Product name | TRADE SPRAY RED OXIDE PRIMER |
| Product number | ATS012 |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of | the safety data sheet |
| Supplier | TETROSYL LIMITED Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com |
| Manufacturer | TETROSYL LIMITED Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone nu | umber |
| Emergency telephone | +44 (0)161 764 5981 |
| SECTION 2: Hazards identifi | cation |
| 2.1. Classification of the subs | stance or mixture |
| Classification (EC 1272/2008 | |
| Physical hazards | Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 |
| Health hazards | Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 |
| Environmental hazards | Not Classified |
| 2.2. Label elements | |
| Pictogram | |
| Signal word | Danger |

1/12

| Hazard statements | H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. P102 Keep out of reach of children. |
| Contains | ACETONE, BUTYL ACETATE -norm, ISO-BUTANOL, IPA |

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| ACETONE | | 30-<60% |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--|
| CAS number: 67-64-1 | EC number: 200-662-2 | |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 | | |
| Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 | | |
| STOT SE 3 - H336 | | |
| PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED | | 10-<30% |
| CAS number: 68476-85-7 | EC number: 270-704-2 | |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Gas 1 - H220 | | |
| BUTYL ACETATE -norm | | 10-<30% |
| CAS number: 123-86-4 | EC number: 204-658-1 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119485493-29-0000 |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | | |
| STOT SE 3 - H336 | | |

| XYLENE | | 2.5-<5.0% |
|--|----------------------|---|
| CAS number: 1330-20-7 | EC number: 215-535-7 | |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | | |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H312 | | |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H332 | | |
| Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 | | |
| ISO-BUTANOL | | 2.5-<5.0% |
| CAS number: 78-83-1 | EC number: 201-148-0 | REACH registration number: 01- |
| | | 2119484609-23-0000 |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | | |
| Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 | | |
| Eye Dam. 1 - H318 | | |
| STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 | | |
| 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL A | CETATE | 2.5-<5.0% |
| CAS number: 108-65-6 | EC number: 203-603-9 | REACH registration number: 01- 2119475791-29-0000 |
| Classification | | |
| Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 | | |
| | | |
| C.I. PIGMENT RED 101 | | 1-<2.5% |
| CAS number: 1309-37-1 | | |
| Classification | | |
| Not Classified | | |
| Not Classified | | 1-<2.5% |
| | EC number: 200-661-7 | 1-<2.5% REACH registration number: 01- 2119457558-25-0000 |
| IPA | EC number: 200-661-7 | REACH registration number: 01- |
| IPA CAS number: 67-63-0 Classification | EC number: 200-661-7 | REACH registration number: 01- |
| IPA CAS number: 67-63-0 | EC number: 200-661-7 | REACH registration number: 01- |

| ETHYLBENZENE | 0.1-<0.3% |
|--|---|
| CAS number: 100-41-4 | EC number: 202-849-4 |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 | |
| The full text for all hazard sta | atements is displayed in Section 16. |
| SECTION 4: First aid measu | ires |
| 4.1. Description of first aid m | neasures |
| General information | Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. |
| Inhalation | Remove affected person from source of contamination. If spray/mist has been inhaled, proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Get medical attention immediately. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. |
| Skin contact | Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eye. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. |
| 4.2. Most important symptor | ns and effects, both acute and delayed |
| General information | The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation. |
| Inhalation | May cause an asthma-like shortness of breath. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Vapours in high concentrations are anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue Dizziness. Central nervous system depression. |
| Ingestion | May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Due to the physical nature of this material it is unlikely that swallowing will occur. |
| Skin contact | Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. May cause skin irritation/eczema. |

| Eye contact | Severe irritation, burning and tearing. Vapour, spray or dust may cause chronic eye irritation or eye damage. May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage. |
|---|--|
| 4.3. Indication of any immedia | te medical attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes for the doctor | No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. |
| SECTION 5: Firefighting meas | sures |
| 5.1. Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Extinguish with the following media: Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Water spray. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising from | om the substance or mixture |
| Specific hazards | Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Extremely flammable. Severe explosion hazard when vapours are exposed to flames. Risk of explosion if heated. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. |
| Hazardous combustion products | Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. |
| 5.3. Advice for firefighters | |
| Protective actions during firefighting | Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Risk of explosion. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. |
| SECTION 6: Accidental release | e measures |
| 6.1. Personal precautions, pro | tective equipment and emergency procedures |
| Personal precautions | Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. |
| 6.2. Environmental precaution | <u>s</u> |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. |
| 6.3. Methods and material for | containment and cleaning up |
| Methods for cleaning up | For waste disposal, see Section 13. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. |
| 6.4. Reference to other section | |
| Reference to other sections | Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see section 13. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| 7.1. Precautions for safe ha | andling |
|------------------------------|--|
| Usage precautions | Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. |
| 7.2. Conditions for safe sto | rage, including any incompatibilities |
| Storage precautions | Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers upright. Protect against physical damage and/or friction. Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Do not store for long periods. Do not store in large quantities. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container dry. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. |
| 7.3. Specific end use(s) | |
| Specific end use(s) | The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. |
| SECTION 8: Exposure Cor | trols/personal protection |
| 8.1. Control parameters | |

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³ Carc

BUTYL ACETATE -norm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m³

XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Sk

ISO-BUTANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 231 mg/m³

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 274 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 548 mg/m3(Sk)

C.I. PIGMENT RED 101

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³respirable dustLong-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³fumeShort-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³fumeas Fe

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

IPA

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



| Respiratory protection | If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Hygiene measures | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Do not smoke in work area. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. |
| Other skin and body protection | Provide eyewash station. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. |
| Eye/face protection | Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles. |
| Appropriate engineering controls | Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. |

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Aerosol. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Colour | Dark. Red-brown. |
| Odour | Organic solvents. |
| Melting point | Not determined. |
| Initial boiling point and range | Technically not feasible. |
| Flash point | Technically not feasible. |

| Evaporation rate | Not determined. |
|---|---|
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Not determined. |
| Vapour pressure | Not determined. |
| Vapour density | Not determined. |
| Relative density | 1.12 g/cm³ @ 20°C |
| Solubility(ies) | Insoluble in water. |
| Partition coefficient | Not determined. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not determined. |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not determined. |
| Viscosity | 4000 cP @ 20°C |
| 9.2. Other information | |
| Other information | None. |
| SECTION 10: Stability and rea | activity |
| 10.1. Reactivity | |
| Reactivity | There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. |
| 10.2. Chemical stability | |
| Stability | Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. |
| 10.3. Possibility of hazardous | reactions |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Not relevant. |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid | |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. |
| 10.5. Incompatible materials | |
| Materials to avoid | No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation. |
| 10.6. Hazardous decomposition | on products |
| [] | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. |
| - | |
| products | formation |
| products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Acute toxicity - oral | formation ical effects |
| products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀) | formation |
| products SECTION 11: Toxicological in <u>11.1. Information on toxicolog</u> <u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> Notes (oral LD ₅₀) <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> | ical effects Butyl Acetate - norm |
| products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD ₅₀) | formation ical effects |

| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) | 244.62 |
|--|--|
| ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) | 33.36 |
| Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity | Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic. |
| Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility | No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - | single exposure |
| STOT - single exposure | Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo. |
| Target organs | Central nervous system |
| Specific target organ toxicity - | repeated exposure |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Morphological changes that are potentially reversible but provide clear evidence of marked organ dysfunction. |
| Target organs | Skin |
| Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard | Not applicable. |
| General information | Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. |
| Inhalation | Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapours have a narcotic effect. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. |
| Ingestion | No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident. |
| Skin contact | Contains components which may penetrate the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| Eye contact | Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. |
| Acute and chronic health hazards | This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. This product may cause skin and eye irritation. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. |
| Route of entry | Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption |
| Target organs | Central nervous system Eyes Skin |
| Medical symptoms | Skin irritation. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. |
| Medical considerations | Skin disorders and allergies. Pre-existing eye problems. |
| SECTION 12: Ecological Infor | mation |
| Ecotoxicity | The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or |

12.1. Toxicity

frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

| Acute toxicity - fish | |
|---|---|
| , louis louisity nem | Butyl Acetate - norm |
| | LC₅₀, 96 hours: 18.0 (Fathead Minnow) mg/l, Algae |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | EC₅₀, 48 hours: 44 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| 12.2. Persistence and degrada | bility |
| Persistence and degradability | The product is readily biodegradable. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days. |
| 12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia | <u>l</u> |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available on bioaccumulation. |
| Partition coefficient | Not determined. |
| 12.4. Mobility in soil | |
| Adsorption/desorption coefficient | Not available. |
| 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE | B assessment |
| Results of PBT and vPvB assessment | This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. |
| 12.6. Other adverse effects | |
| Other adverse effects | Not available. |
| SECTION 13: Disposal consid | erations |
| | |
| 13.1. Waste treatment method | S |
| 13.1. Waste treatment method General information | s Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. |
| | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or |
| General information | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform <u>14.1. UN number</u> UN No. (ADR/RID) | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. 1950 |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. 1950 1950 1950 |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform <u>14.1. UN number</u> UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. 1950 1950 1950 |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform <u>14.1. UN number</u> UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. 1950 1950 2 AEROSOLS |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) 14.2. UN proper shipping name (ADR/RID) | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. nation 1950 9 AEROSOLS AEROSOLS |
| General information Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) 14.2. UN proper shipping name (ADR/RID) Proper shipping name (IMDG) | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. nation 1950 9 AEROSOLS AEROSOLS |
| General information Disposal methods <u>SECTION 14: Transport inform</u> <u>14.1. UN number</u> UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> (ADR/RID) Proper shipping name (IMDG) Proper shipping name (ICAO) | Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. nation 1950 1950 AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS |

| ADR/RID class | 2.1 |
|---------------------|-----|
| ADR/RID label | 2.1 |
| IMDG class | 2.1 |
| ICAO class/division | 2.1 |

Transport labels



| 14.4. | Packing | group |
|-------|---------|-------|
|-------|---------|-------|

| ADR/RID packing group | # |
|-----------------------|---|
| IMDG packing group | # |
| ICAO packing group | # |

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| National regulations | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
|----------------------|--|
| EU legislation | Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

| SECTION 16: Other information | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Revision comments | NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. | |
| Revision date | 23/05/2016 | |
| Revision | 4 | |
| Supersedes date | 10/12/2013 | |
| SDS status | Approved. | |

| Hazard statements in full | H220 Extremely flammable gas. |
|---------------------------|--|
| | H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. |
| | H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| | H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| | H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated |
| | H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| | H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| | H312 Harmful in contact with skin. |
| | H315 Causes skin irritation. |
| | H318 Causes serious eye damage. |
| | H319 Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | H332 Harmful if inhaled. |
| | H335 May cause respiratory irritation. |
| | H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| | H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |