

# SAFETY DATA SHEET C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

Product number CGA400

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Grease.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier TETROSYL LIMITED

Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com

Manufacturer TETROSYL LIMITED

Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 (0)161 764 5981

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

**Environmental** The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2. Label elements

# C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

## **Pictogram**







## Signal word

Danger

#### Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

## Contains

**PENTANE** 

# **Detergent labelling**

≥ 30% aliphatic hydrocarbons

# 2.3. Other hazards

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

PENTANE 30-<60%

CAS number: 109-66-0 EC number: 203-692-4 REACH registration number: 01-

2119459286-30-0000

## Classification

Flam. Liq. 1 - H224 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

# PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

10-<30%

# Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

# C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

COPPER 1-<2.5%

M factor (Acute) = 10

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Remove affected person from source of

contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.

**Inhalation** Remove affected person from source of contamination. If spray/mist has been inhaled,

proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep affected person under

observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should

be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and

wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eye. Get medical attention

promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.

Inhalation May cause an asthma-like shortness of breath. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may

depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Vapours in high concentrations are

anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue.

Dizziness. Central nervous system depression.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea,

headache, dizziness and intoxication. Due to the physical nature of this material it is unlikely

that swallowing will occur.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. May cause skin

irritation/eczema.

Eye contact

Severe irritation, burning and tearing. Vapour, spray or dust may cause chronic eye irritation or eye damage. May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with the following media: Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Water spray. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Extremely flammable. Severe explosion hazard when vapours are exposed to flames. Risk of explosion if heated. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Risk of explosion. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

For waste disposal, see Section 13. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste

disposal, see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers upright. Protect against

physical damage and/or friction. Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Do not store for long periods. Do not store in large quantities. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container dry. Do not store near heat sources or

expose to high temperatures.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

# **PENTANE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1800 mg/m³

# PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment











# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.

# C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

**Eye/face protection** Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates

eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is

required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying

with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is

possible.

Other skin and body

protection

Provide eyewash station. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin

contact.

Hygiene measures Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before

eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes

contaminated. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Do not

smoke in work area. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

**Respiratory protection** If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Grease. Aerosol.

Colour Amber.

Odour Organic solvents.

Melting point Not determined.

**Initial boiling point and range** Technically not feasible.

Flash point <20°C

**Evaporation rate** Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density 0.779 g/cm³ @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not determined.

**Decomposition Temperature** Not determined.

9.2. Other information

Other information None.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form

explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

# C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Not relevant.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or

direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD50) Pentane

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 25,136.27

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis,

reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Morphological changes that are potentially reversible but provide clear evidence of marked

organ dysfunction.

Target organs Skin

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

**Inhalation** Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapours have a narcotic effect.

Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness.

Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.

Skin contact Contains components which may penetrate the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

# C/LUBE COPPER GREASE AERO

Acute and chronic health

hazards

This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. This product is corrosive. This product may cause skin and eye irritation. Prolonged contact may cause burns. May cause

severe internal injury. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation.

Route of entry Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption

Target organs Central nervous system Eyes Skin

**Medical symptoms** Skin irritation. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression.

Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.

**Medical considerations** Skin disorders and allergies. Pre-existing eye problems.

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses. The product contains

substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish

Pentane

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: <10mg/l mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: <10mg/l mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: <100mg/l mg/l, Fish

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in

accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or

incinerate, even when empty.

**Disposal methods**Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and

local regulations.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

# 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950 UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950 UN No. (ADN) 1950

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

**AEROSOLS** 

2.1

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS (CONTAINS PENTANE, COPPER)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

# Transport labels



**ADN class** 

# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ADN packing group None

ICAO packing group None

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

**Revision comments** NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 05/07/2017

Revision 11

Supersedes date 27/02/2014
SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.