

SAFETY DATA SHEET INTERIOR VALET AERO

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name INTERIOR VALET AERO

Product number HBC016, IVC400, IVC401, IVC403, IVC750, SIV400, SIV750, NTM402

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Car maintenance product.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier TETROSYL LIMITED

Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com

Manufacturer TETROSYL LIMITED

Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)161 764 5981

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

INTERIOR VALET AERO

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Detergent labelling 5 - < 15% aliphatic hydrocarbons, < 5% anionic surfactants, < 5% perfumes, Contains

LIMONENE, Benzisothiazolinone, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

 PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED
 5-<10%</th>

 CAS number: 68476-85-7
 EC number: 270-704-2

Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220

IPA 2.5-<5.0%

CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457558-25-0000

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER 2.5-<5.0%

CAS number: 34590-94-8 EC number: 252-104-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119450011-60-XXXX

Classification

Not Classified

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LIMONENE 0.3-<0.5%

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE 0.3-<0.5%

CAS number: 1310-58-3 EC number: 215-181-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119487136-33-0000

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

SODIUM N-LAUROYLSARCOSINATE 0.1-<0.3%

CAS number: 137-16-6 EC number: 205-281-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119527780-39-XXXX

Classification

Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

BUTYL HYDROXY TOLUENE 0.001 - <0.1%

CAS number: 128-37-0 EC number: 204-881-4

M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

SODIUM HYDROXIDE 0.001 - <0.1%

CAS number: 1310-73-2 EC number: 215-185-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457892-27-0000

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

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4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Remove affected person from source of

contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. If spray/mist has been inhaled,

proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep affected person under

observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should

be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Consult a

physician for specific advice.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eye. Get medical attention

promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.

Inhalation May cause an asthma-like shortness of breath. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may

depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Vapours in high concentrations are

anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue.

Dizziness. Central nervous system depression.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea,

headache, dizziness and intoxication. Due to the physical nature of this material it is unlikely

that swallowing will occur.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. May cause skin

irritation/eczema.

Eye contact Severe irritation, burning and tearing. Vapour, spray or dust may cause chronic eye irritation

or eye damage. May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor
No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with the following media: Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Water spray. Use

fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Extremely flammable. Severe explosion hazard when vapours are exposed to flames. Risk of explosion if heated. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Risk of explosion. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

For waste disposal, see Section 13. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers upright. Protect against physical damage and/or friction. Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Do not store for long periods. Do not store in large quantities. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container dry. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³ Carc

IPA

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 308 mg/m³ Sk

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

BUTYL HYDROXY TOLUENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment











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Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Use explosion-proof general and

local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates

eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is

required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying

with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is

possible.

Other skin and body

protection

Provide eyewash station. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin

contact.

Hygiene measures Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before

eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes

contaminated. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Do not

smoke in work area. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Coloured liquid.

Colour Yellowish.

Odour Fruity.

Odour threshold Not determined.

pH (concentrated solution): 10.00 - 10.50

Melting point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and range Technically not feasible.

Flash point 41°C

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density 0.985 - 0.999 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition Temperature Not determined.

Viscosity <50 cPs @ 20 @ °C

Oxidising properties Not determined.

9.2. Other information

Other information None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form

explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not relevant.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or

direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists 292.0

mg/l)

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis,

reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Morphological changes that are potentially reversible but provide clear evidence of marked

organ dysfunction.

Target organs Skin

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

8/11

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General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

Inhalation Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapours have a narcotic effect.

Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness.

Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.

Skin contact Contains components which may penetrate the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. May cause severe internal

injury. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation.

Route of entry Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption

Target organs Central nervous system Eyes Skin

Medical symptoms Skin irritation. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression.

Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies. Pre-existing eye problems.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

EcotoxicityThe product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may

cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.4 (d-LIMONENE) mg/l, Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Adsorption/desorption

Not available.

coefficient

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in

accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or

incinerate, even when empty.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and

local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950 UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950 UN No. (ADN) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ADN packing group None

ICAO packing group None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 13/12/2016

Revision 17

Supersedes date 22/07/2015

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

LICOS Florence ble lieurid and consum

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.