

## SAFETY DATA SHEET WD BRIGHT SILVER

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	WD BRIGHT SILVER	
Product number	WBS500, ADP008	
1.2. Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
1.3. Details of the supplier of	f the safety data sheet	
Supplier Manufacturer	TETROSYL LIMITED Bury Lancashire England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com TETROSYL LIMITED Bury Lancashire	
1.4. Emergency telephone r	England BL9 7NY 0161 764 5981 0161 797 5899 info@tetrosyl.com	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0)161 764 5981	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the sub	stance or mixture	
Classification (EC 1272/200	<u>8)</u>	
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229	
Health hazards	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements		
Pictogram		
Signal word	Danger	

Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H318 Causes serious eye damage. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing spray.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.</li> <li>P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> </ul>
Contains	ACETONE, BUTYL ACETATE -norm, ISO-BUTANOL
2.3. Other hazards	

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

ACETONE		30-<60%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED		10-<30%
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		
BUTYL ACETATE -norm		10-<30%
CAS number: 123-86-4	EC number: 204-658-1	REACH registration number: 01- 2119485493-29-0000
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

	2.5-<5.0%
EC number: 215-535-7	2.5-55.0 %
	2.5-<5.0%
EC number: 201-148-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119484609-23-0000
CETATE	2.5-<5.0%
EC number: 203-603-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119475791-29-0000
	0.5-<1%
EC number: 200-661-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457558-25-0000
	0.5-<1%
EC number: 203 530 1	REACH registration number: 01-
EC Humber, 205-558-1	2119457435-35-XXXX
	CETATE EC number: 203-603-9

ETHYLBENZENE		0.3-<0.5%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
AMORPHOUS CARBON		0.1-<0.3%
CAS number: 1333-86-4	EC number: 215-609-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119384822-32-XXXX
Classification		
Not Classified		
The full text for all hazard statement	ts is displayed in Section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid measures		

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. If spray/mist has been inhaled, proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eye. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.
Inhalation	May cause an asthma-like shortness of breath. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Vapours in high concentrations are anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Central nervous system depression.

Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Due to the physical nature of this material it is unlikely that swallowing will occur.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. May cause skin irritation/eczema.
Eye contact	Severe irritation, burning and tearing. Vapour, spray or dust may cause chronic eye irritation or eye damage. May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Water spray. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Extremely flammable. Severe explosion hazard when vapours are exposed to flames. Risk of explosion if heated. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Risk of explosion. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces.
6.2. Environmental precaution	S
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	

Methods for cleaning up	For waste disposal, see Section 13. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.
6.4. Reference to other section	<u>s</u>
Reference to other sections	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	age
7.1. Precautions for safe handl	ing
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective equipment for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations of vapours, spray or mist. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers upright. Protect against physical damage and/or friction. Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Do not store for long periods. Do not store in large quantities. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container dry. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure Control	s/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits No exposure limits known for ir	ngredient(s).

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Carc

#### BUTYL ACETATE -norm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### **ISO-BUTANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 231 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 274 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 548 mg/m3(Sk)

#### IPA

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 150 ppm 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

### AMORPHOUS CARBON

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Use explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. The following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible.
Other skin and body protection	Provide eyewash station. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Do not smoke in work area. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Silver.
Odour	Solvent.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Technically not feasible.
Flash point	-17°C
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	0.85-0.96 g/cm³ @ °C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	12-14 s @ 20°C
9.2. Other information	
9.2. Other information	
Other information	None.
Other information	
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea	
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity	activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity	activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability	Activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability Stability	Activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
Other information         SECTION 10: Stability and read         10.1. Reactivity         Reactivity         10.2. Chemical stability         Stability         10.3. Possibility of hazardous         Possibility of hazardous	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. reactions
Other information         SECTION 10: Stability and read         10.1. Reactivity         Reactivity         10.2. Chemical stability         Stability         10.3. Possibility of hazardous         Possibility of hazardous         reactions	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. reactions
Other information         SECTION 10: Stability and read         10.1. Reactivity         Reactivity         10.2. Chemical stability         Stability         10.3. Possibility of hazardous         Possibility of hazardous         reactions         10.4. Conditions to avoid	Activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.  Feactions Not relevant. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or
Other information         SECTION 10: Stability and read         10.1. Reactivity         Reactivity         10.2. Chemical stability         Stability         10.3. Possibility of hazardous         Possibility of hazardous         reactions         10.4. Conditions to avoid         Conditions to avoid	Activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.  Feactions Not relevant. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or
Other information         SECTION 10: Stability and read         10.1. Reactivity         Reactivity         10.2. Chemical stability         Stability         10.3. Possibility of hazardous         Possibility of hazardous         reactions         10.4. Conditions to avoid         Conditions to avoid         10.5. Incompatible materials	Activity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Teactions Not relevant. Not relevant. No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological inform	nation
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11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Acetone	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD50	7,400.0	
mg/kg)		
Species	Rat	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	23,129.18	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	94,619.39	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	231.29	
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists	31.54	
mg/l)		
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.	
Reproductive toxicity		
	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.	
Specific target organ toxicity -		
STOT - single exposure	Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis,	
	reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 900 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
Target organs	Skin	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable.	
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent	
	health problems.	
Inhalation	Gas or vapour is harmful on prolonged exposure or in high concentrations.	
Ingestion	No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.	
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. This product is corrosive. This product may cause skin and eye irritation. Prolonged contact may cause burns. May cause	
	severe internal injury. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation.	
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption	
Target organs	Central nervous system Eyes Skin	

Medical symptoms	Skin irritation. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Pre-existing eye problems.	
SECTION 12: Ecological Inform	nation	
Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Acute toxicity - fish		
	LC50, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Acetone	
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.	
Phototransformation	- Degradation (%) 90: 28 days	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	<u>u</u>	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating. BCF: 3,	
Partition coefficient	Not determined.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product is soluble in water.	
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Not available.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	Not available.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>s</u>	
General information	Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.	
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	

UN No. (ICAO)	1950		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS		
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS		
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS		
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
ADR/RID class	2		
ADR/RID label	2.1		
IMDG class	2.1		
ICAO class/division	2.1		

#### Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	N/A
IMDG packing group	N/A
ICAO packing group	N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Revision date	08/01/2015
Revision	22
Supersedes date	15/07/2014 v21
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated</li> <li>H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>